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6 **UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**
7 **DISTRICT OF NEVADA**
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9 CHRIS DEYERLE,

10 *Petitioner,*

3:12-cv-00125-RCJ-VPC

11 vs.

ORDER

13 LA GRANT, *et al.*,

14 *Respondents.*

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16 This habeas matter under 28 U.S.C. § 2254 comes before the Court on: (a) a defective
17 notice (#28) by petitioner regarding the unexhausted claims; (b) respondents' motion (#29)
18 for leave to file a response to the defective filing; and (c) petitioner's motion (#30) to strike the
19 motion for leave.

20 In its prior order (#27), the Court held, *inter alia*, that multiple grounds in the petition
21 were unexhausted. The order outlined the following available options for petitioner:

22
23 **IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** that petitioner shall have
24 **thirty (30) days** to either: (1) inform this court in a sworn
25 declaration that he wishes to formally and forever abandon the
26 unexhausted grounds for relief in his federal habeas petition and
27 proceed on the exhausted ground; **OR** (2) inform this court in a
sworn declaration that he wishes to dismiss this petition without
prejudice in order to return to state court to exhaust his
unexhausted claims; **OR** (3) file a motion for stay and abeyance,
asking this court to hold his exhausted claim in abeyance while he
returns to state court to exhaust his unexhausted claims. . . .

28 #27, at 10.

1 Petitioner thereafter filed a notice in which he elected what he represented to be
2 "option 2" from the order. However, petitioner stated in the accompanying declaration:

3 I understand that by choosing to return to state court to
4 exhaust my claims declared unexhausted by this court . . . the
5 court will dismiss without prejudice the instant petition *and will not*
6 *enter judgment, but will administratively close the instant case*
and allow me to return to this court after exhausting in the state
court and reopen the same case under the same number.

7 #28-1, at 1 (emphasis added).

8 The second option in the Court's prior order included no such language providing that,
9 if petitioner elected to dismiss the petition, the matter would be administratively closed without
10 entry of judgment. Petitioner thus elected an option that was not available to him under the
11 order.

12 The order did not provide for such an option because there is no such option available
13 to petitioner under the governing law by mere unilateral election. An administrative closure
14 order without entry of final judgment in these circumstances constitutes the functional
15 equivalent of a stay order. See, e.g., *Wideman v. Whorton*, No. 06-16070, 2007 WL
16 2491470 (9th Cir. Aug. 27, 2007). Petitioner can obtain a stay only by – as outlined in option
17 3 in the prior order – filing a motion for a stay and satisfying the requirements for obtaining
18 a stay. See, e.g., *King v. Ryan*, 564 F.3d 1133 (9th Cir. 2009)(comparing and contrasting the
19 different stay procedures available and the requirements for obtaining such stays).

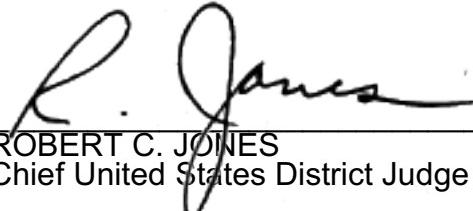
20 The Court will give petitioner one more opportunity to make an election that is available
21 under the prior order. If petitioner does not timely make such an election – or if he again
22 attempts to invoke an option that is not available to him under the governing law – the Court
23 simply will dismiss the action without further advance notice. Absent a request for appropriate
24 relief, a petition with unexhausted claims is subject to immediate dismissal. See, e.g., *Rose*
25 v. *Lundy*, 455 U.S. 509 (1982). If petitioner again fails to make an appropriate election, the
26 matter simply will be dismissed.

27 The Court will deny both pending motions as moot. The Court does not need further
28 filings from the parties to conclude that the election made by petitioner is defective.

1 IT THEREFORE IS ORDERED that the petition will be dismissed without further
2 advance notice unless, within **thirty (30) days** of entry of this order, petitioner mails to the
3 Clerk for filing an election made in accordance with the three options provided at page 10,
4 lines 12-18, of #27. If petitioner again seeks to make an election that is not provided for in
5 the prior order, the action will be dismissed without further advance notice. **No extension of**
6 **time will be granted absent extraordinary circumstances.**

7 IT FURTHER IS ORDERED that respondents' motion (#29) for leave to file a response
8 and petitioner's motion (#30) to strike the motion for leave both are DENIED as moot.

9 DATED: This 16th day of September, 2013.

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11 ROBERT C. JONES
12 Chief United States District Judge
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